**§5**

STANDARD REGULATIONS OF THE ACTIVITY OF EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS OFCORRESPONDING TYPES

Approved by the  
Resolution of theGovernment of  
the Republic of Kazakhstan  
No. 499of May 17, 2013   
(amended by the Resolutionof  
RK Government No. 1332of 19.12.2014)

**Standard Rules of the Activity of Organizations of Higher and Postgraduate Education**  
**1. General Provisions**

1. Standard Rules for organizations of higher and postgraduate education (hereinafter - Rules) specify the rules of activities of educational organizations implementing educational programs of higher and postgraduate education of the Republic of Kazakhstan, irrespective of their ownership and subordination, in accordance with the Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan of July 27, 2007 "On Education"(hereinafter - the Law "On Education").  
   2. Higher and postgraduate education is received in higher educational institutions: national research universities, research universities, national universities and academies.

The criteria for classification of higher educational institutionsare approved by the competent authority in education.  
3. The main objective of higher educational institutions isto trainspecialists with higher and postgraduate education by creatingconditions required for learning educational programs aimed at professional and personal development on the basis of national and universal values as well as scientific and practicalachievements.  
4. Higher educational institution (hereinafter - institution) operates in accordance with the Constitution of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the laws "On Education" and "On Science", regulating educational and scientific activities, as well as these Rules and the Charter of the University developed on their basis.  
4-1. Educational organizations, irrespective of their departmental subordination and forms of ownership, implementing educational curricula of higher and postgraduate education, operate on the basis of the license issued in accordance with the current legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.  
4-2. Licensing is performed inthe electronic form using the state information system of permits and notifications and the state electronic register of permits and notifications.  
  
2. **Rules of activities of institutions of higher and postgraduate education**  
5. Management of the university is implemented in accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the present Rules and the Charter of the University.  
6. The direct management of the university is provided by the rector (head), appointed (elected) to the position and dismissed from the office in accordance with the current legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.  
7. The rector (head) has deputies– vice-rectors (deputiesof the head), their number and functions are established by the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.  
8. The rector (head) of the university, without power of attorney, acts on behalf of the university, represents its interests in all official bodies, disposes the property of the university in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, concludes contracts, issues powers of attorney, opens bank accounts, performs other transactions, issues orders and instructions mandatory for all the staff, faculty members and students.  
9. The rector (head) of the university solves financial, economic, industrial and economic problems within the powers granted to him.  
10. The rector of a state university is triennially certified in accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan and the Charter of the University.  
The rector of a non-state university is subordinate to the General Meeting of the founders, which establishes his terms of reference, the procedure for his appointment (election) and dismissal.  
11. The candidacy for the position of the rector must meet the requirements of standard qualification characteristics for faculty members and persons equated to them and approved by the competent authority in education (hereinafter - qualification characteristics). In higher educational institutions of the law enforcement agencies, special government agencies and defense state bodies, the position of the head of the educational institution must meet the qualification requirements for the categories of positions approved by the corresponding government authority.  
12. The rector (head), in accordance with the rules established by the laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan, is personally responsible for:  
1) violation of the rights and freedoms of pupils, students and employees of the educational institution;  
2) failure to comply with the functions assigned to his competence;  
3) violation of the requirements of the State Compulsory Educational Standard (hereinafter - SCES);  
4) the life and health of pupils, students and employees of the educational institution during training and educational process;  
5) the state of financial and economic activities, including the misuse of material and financial resources;  
6) other violations of the requirements of normative legal acts and terms and conditions of the employment agreement.  
13. Collegial management boards are created at higher educational institutions. The forms of collective management of universities are an academic council, a supervisory council or aboard of trustees, whose activities are governed by the laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan.  
14. The structure of the higher educational institutions is determined and approved by the institutions independently. In higher educational institutions of law enforcement agencies, special government agencies and defense state bodies the structure is determined by the competent government authority. Structural units of the institutions cover all types of activities of institutions.  
15. The University develops and approves regulations for structural units, in which it specifies the main areas of their activities and requirements for administrative-legal confirmation of the status of the structural unit in the organizational structure of the university.  
16. In accordance with the qualification characteristics of faculty members and persons equated to them, approved by the authorized body in the field of education, the university independently develops and approves job descriptions of employees, which specify the procedure of their appointment, dismissal, rights, duties, powers and responsibilities.  
17. The staff schedule is determined by the university itself and annually approved by the rector. In higher schools of law enforcement agencies, government agencies and special defense state bodies the staff schedule is determined by the corresponding state agency.  
18. The structural units of the university fulfill their activities on the basis of the present Rules and the Charter of the University; the number of structural units is determined by the Council, based on the list of specialties and educational programs of the university, as well as the number of students and faculty members.  
19. The faculty is the main educational, scientific and administrative structural unit of the university (except military), which provides training in one or more related specialties, as well as supervision of research activities of departments and laboratories referring to the specialties of the faculty.  
20. The Department provides training in full-time, evening and correspondence courses in the form of external studies.  
21. The Dean performs management of the Faculty. The dean's candidacy must comply with the qualifications for the positions of thefaculty members.The dean’s duties arespecified in accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.  
22. The dean is a member of the admission and certification committees of the university.  
23. Universities develop and approve their statutesfor the faculties. At the deanor under his chairmanship,the Council of the Facultycan be organized, which fulfills its work in accordance with the rules approved by the Council of the university.  
24. The department is the main educational and scientific structural division of the university (faculty), carrying out educational, methodological and research work in one or more related disciplines as well as educational work among students.  
25. The staff of the department is determined by the volume of research work and the average teaching load of the faculty staff (the staff in the law enforcement bodies, special state bodies and state defense bodies is determined taking into account the specificity of the educational process).  
26. The staff of the department consists of the head of the department, professors, associate professors, senior lecturers, teachers, assistants, trainees, auxiliary educational staff, as well as the staff of scientific and other structural units opened at the Department. The departments in military academies and law enforcementschools may have other positions based on the specificity of the institution.   
27. The Department is headed by the head whose candidacy must comply with the requirements of standard qualification characteristics forthe teaching staff. Professional duties of the head of the department are specified in accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.  
28. In accordance with the qualification requirements for licensing of educational activities of the university forspecific specialties, the department is organized if there are at least 10 full-time teachers on the profile of the department (except law enforcement, government agencies and special state defensebodies), and the percentage of teachers with academic degrees and titles out of the total number of full-time teachers isat least 70% for national research universities and research universities;not less than 55% fornational universities (except educational institutions of art and culture), not less than 50% – for universities and academies.  
The departments conducting training of specialistsin art, music, culture, tourism and the departments of medicine, physical education, painting and drawing, graphics, foreign languages, the Kazakh language, the Russian language (for higher schools not specialized in language teaching), as well as special departments of higher special ( military) education may have a fewer number of full-time teachers.

Жубанова

29. According to the cycle of academic disciplines departments are classified into general educational and special.

30. At the universities special departments can be set by other interested parties in compliance with the legislation of theRepublic of Kazakhstan.

31. The work of the department should be aimed at the theoretical and practical training in accordance with the content of educational programs of higher and postgraduate education.

32. The Department carries out educational and methodical, scientific research, educational activities in accordance with the annual work plan.

**Basic requirements for the activities of organizations of higher and postgraduate education**

33. For the effective organization of educational process, the rational use of tangible assets and resources involved in the educational activity the minimum contingent enrolled in full-time education at universities and academies should not be less than 2100 and 700 people respectively. The exceptions are universities military and law enforcement, where the number of students in full-time education is determined by the state order.

34. The given contingent of students is determined based on their number of full-time, evening and correspondence courses.

The ratio of full-time students and part-time forms of education of the university should be at least 4: 1.The ratio of number of members of the contingent of students for higher education of law enforcement agencies, government agencies and the special state body in the field of defense is determined by the first head of the relevant body.

35. The contingent of students in institutions of higher education must meet the sanitary standards of educational area per one student in accordance with the requirements established by the applicableby the legislation of theRepublic of Kazakhstan.

36. The population density in the academic stream and the group determined by the organization on their own education.Occupancy of the academic stream and a group of high schools of law enforcement agencies, government agencies and the special state body in the field of defense is determined based on the size of the annual state educational order, and features of service.

37. For persons with disabilities of development, including thosedisability are special conditions for training tailored to their individual needs.

**Training and educational activities of the university**

38. Admission of students in higher educational institutions is carried out on a competitive basis in accordance with Standard Rules of admission to educational organizations that implement professional training programs of higher and postgraduate education, approved by the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

39. At universities training with higher and postgraduate education is carried out on various content and duration of training educational programs. The national research universities, training is carried out only at full-time.

40. Educational and methodical work of the university include:

1) the development of the academic calendar, working curricula and programs, the development of catalogs of elective courses, syllabus, teaching methods professions and disciplines;

2) training and methodological support of educational disciplines textbooks, manuals, collections of tasks, complex jobs, manuals for laboratory,control, term papers, methodological recommendations for the study of disciplines as well as the materials current, mid-term and final control of knowledge, total evaluation of students in all forms of education;

3) the development programs of all kinds of professional practices, as well as manuals on writing theses (projects);

4) the development of modern educational technology and teaching methods, increase the assimilation of educational material for students;

5) training and methodological support of independent work of students, aimed at developing their ability to search, analysis and formulation of results;

6) the development of programs to improve the training and retraining of teachers and specialists.

41. Planning for the content, method of organization and structure of educational-methodological university activity is carried out on the basis of credit technology.

42. The Organization of higher and postgraduate education of law enforcement agencies, government agencies and the special state body in the field of defense technology independently determine training (linear or credit) and interdisciplinary connections in accordance with the level and purpose of training, and, depending on the state order by agreeing to the authorized body in the field of education.

43. The educational activity is based on the academic calendar, schedule training sessions.

The structure of the educational activity is based on the curriculum (standard, individual, workers) and professional training programs, study load, the duration of the academic periods, types of academic studies, the volume of teaching material.

44. National research and research universities are functioning in accordance with the development plans approved by the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan by the authorized body.The procedure for consideration and submission to the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstanthe development of national research programs and research universities approved by the authorized body in the field of education.National research and research universities are developing their own educational programs, based on fundamental and applied research in priority areas of sectors of the economy of Kazakhstan.

45. Educational programs should be developed on the basis of professional standards and principles of formation of competences of students (except military).

46. State educational standards of the Republic of Kazakhstan on medical and pharmaceutical education of specialty group "Military and security" are developed on the basis of the relevant State educational standards of the Republic of Kazakhstan. State educational standards of these levels of education (higher and postgraduate) and the structure of their development are approved by the state authorities of the respective spheres of activity, and agreed with the authorized body in the field of education.

47. The academic calendar, working curricula of specialties and the average teaching load of the faculty of the University are approved by the academic council.

48. In order to implement the basic principles of the credit program, aimed at the individualization of learning, a catalog of elective courses is compiled, which includes an annotated list of disciplines at the choice of the component.

49. The universities establish the following main types of educational work: lectures, practical (seminars), laboratory, studio sessions, individual work student exchange, design and graphic works, all kinds of professional practice, preparation and passage of interim examination.

The ratio of total credits of lectures and seminars, , studio and laboratory classes is determined by the university in accordance with the standard curriculum.

50. Professor, associate professor, senior lecturers are allowed to deliver lectures, supervise diploma papers and research works of students teachers.

51. Scientists, honored worker of culture, arts, sports, or experienced professionals with the practical experience in the specialty not less than 3 years can be attracted to deliver lectures and / or conduct other types of studies.

52. Other training activities may be included in the teaching load of all teachers regardless of their position.

53. Educational work is divided into the auditorium (lectures, seminars, practical, studio and laboratory classes) and extracurricular, which includes all other kinds of studies.

54. The university independently determines the forms, methods and means of learning, creating favorable conditions for the development of studying programs of higher and postgraduate education.

This training sessions are conducted applying innovative learning technologies, using the latest achievements of science, engineering, technologies, information systems, and in interactive form.

55. University lecturer has the freedom to choose the methods and forms of organization and carrying out of studies, teaching methods subject to the requirements of curricula and training programs.

56. Educational programs of higher and postgraduate education courses include three cycles: the cycle of general studies, the cycle of basic disciplines and the cycle majors, as well as additional types of training (professional practice in the specialty, physical education, etc..)And final certification.

57. Each disciplines cycle consists of a compulsory component list and the contents of which are determined by the model curricula and model training programs and courses from electives, the list and the contents of which are determined by the study plans, working programs and syllabus. Each discipline is studied, as a rule, for one academic period.

58. Education is based on the curriculum, common to all forms of education.

59. The educational process at the university can be organized on the reduced educational programs with accelerated training period for those who have technical and vocational, post-secondary or higher education. In this case, credit transfer and registration of previously mastered disciplines with sufficient volume and continuity of the educational program are taken into account. The trajectory and duration of training are determined by the student's prerequisites determined on the basis of the transcript (Diploma Supplement).Terms of training full-time under the reduced programs for persons with technical and vocational and post-secondary education, at least 3 years, for persons with higher education, at least 2 years.

60. Professional practice, educational and scientific training, scientific research and experimental and research work of students are carried out according to the academic calendar.Professional practice is aimed at consolidating the theoretical knowledge acquired during the training, practical skills and competencies.

61. The content of the program developed by the university and the base of professional practice must conform to the profile of specialty (educational program).

62. The institution (except for higher education institutions of law enforcement agencies, government agencies and the special state body in the field of defense) concludes relevant agreements with the bases of practice in accordance with the form of the model contract for the organization of professional practice, not later than 1 month prior to the beginning of the school year.

63. All kinds of professional practice are administered by order of the head of the university, including timelines, base and head.

Scientific supervision of pre-graduation practice is exercised by a scientific supervisor of the thesis (project).

64. Students of evening and correspondence forms of training, provided that they work on a specialty are free from professional practice. In this case, they are in high school certificate of employment and characteristics that reflect their professional activities.

65. Higher education institutions are independent in choosing the forms, procedure and frequency of current and interim control of progress and midterm attestation of students.

66. The Office of the Registrar is created to deal with the registration of students for the academic disciplines, recording mastered credits, organization of interim attestation throughout the history of educational achievements of students.

67. The Office of the Registrar performs the following functions:

1) makes the registration of students for the academic disciplines;

2) forms the academic groups and streams;

3) registers individual educational plans of students in the prescribed manner;

4) organizes and conducts interim and final assessments of students;

5) calculates the academic ranking of students;

6) keeps a record of the credits earned by students during the training period and for the entire period of study;

7) issues a transcript of students;

8) organizes academic mobility.

68. In order to provide the educational process and research activities in higher education and training universities have specialized laboratories. Laboratory equipment is to be modern and adequate to training programs for bachelors, masters and PhD.

69. The educational activities of the university is part of the learning process and is aimed at the formation of professional, social, intellectual, moral, creative qualities of students and a healthy lifestyle.

70. Training and educational activities are carried out on the basis of mutual respect for the human dignity of students and faculty.

71. The educational activities of the university are based on a comprehensive plan for education.

The educational work of the university includes:

1) fostering students' skills and the abilities to independently take decisions and implement solutions;

2) instilling students' sense of patriotism, citizenship, internationalism, high morals and ethics;

3) encouraging students to a healthy lifestyle, active participation in social activities;

4) carrying out thematic activities on the profile of the department, contributing to expanding horizons of students, foster the sense of respect for the chosen specialty;

5) career guidance among students of secondary schools, institutions of technical and vocational education.

**Evaluation and assessment of knowledge**

72. To assess the knowledge of students there should operate the system for monitoring and evaluation of students' knowledge at the university. Evaluation and assessment system should function in higher education, regardless of their organizational and legal forms, forms of learning and subordination.

73. The system of evaluation of students’ educational achievements includes a variety of forms: current assessment of progress, interim and final examinations.

74. Evaluation of progress of students ensures a systematic testing of educational achievements of students, carried out by teachers in class in accordance with the study program of the discipline.

75. The study program of the discipline determines various kinds of evaluation of students progress: oral questioning, control work, combined control, presentation of homework, discussions, workshops, round table discussions, case studies, tests, etc.

76. Course work, design and graphic work and other activities envisaged by the study program should be defended prior to the examination session and serve as admission to the examination on the discipline. The grades for these types of work have to be taken into account when calculating the admission rating (e.g. summing rating control) on discipline. If the discipline is assessed according to the curriculum by project work only then the final assessment is defense of project work which is recognized as the grade for this discipline.

77. The level of educational achievements of students on each discipline is the sum of the rating assessment, exam grade, which form the final grade. The admission grade consists of current assessment of performance, interim attestation. Admission rating is 60% of the final assessment of knowledge on the discipline.

78. To take account of the ongoing monitoring of progress made in accordance with the teacher syllabus as implementation and delivery of certain types of student assignments. Completing quests recorded in the log of attendance and student performance, as well as in the electronic Gazette monitoring students' knowledge in the information system.

79. Students evening and distance learning gaining admission ranking prior to the examination session on schedule, subject to all the provisions of tasks.

80. Students in the form of external recruit rankings toleranceindividual schedule, approved by the heads of structural divisions of the university.

81. The final control is carried out during the period of interim evaluation. Evaluationtotal control of 40% of the final assessment of knowledge in the discipline.The final grade is calculated only if the student has a positive assessment as rated admission and final control.

82. Educational granted the right to appeal the rating evaluation of the tolerance and / or final control. To this end, the order of the rector of the university creates the appeal commission from among teachers whose qualifications fit the profile apelliruemoy discipline.

83. As a result of professional practice are studying the relevant department of the report, which is checked by the manager and consultant, and is protected by the commission created by the order of the head of the department. The results of the report are evaluated to protect the differentiated offset by fixed ballno- rating alphabetic system of assessments.

In the appointment of the head of the practice (as a rule, training, teaching and study, Field and others.) Grade is on the basis of the protection of the report submitted in accordance with the demonstrated knowledge and execution of the report.

In the appointment of two executives of practice (as a rule, educational, industrial and others.) Exhibit the final assessment taking into account the evaluation of the head of the practice of the practice base, the share of which is 40% of the final grade, and evaluation for the Protection submitted a report the head of the university, the proportion of which is 60% of the final grade.

84. Students are not past practices did not comply with program practices that have received negative feedback on the work, or a failing grade in the protection of the report be sent again to the practice in the next academic period in parallel with theoretical training or during the summer semester.

85. Students who have fully complied with all the requirements of the curriculum and training programs are allowed to the final state certification.

Final certification of students - a procedure performed to determine the degree of development of the state educational standards appropriate level of education.

Final certification is aimed at testing the knowledge, skills and competencies acquired by students during the development of the relevant specialty.

Final certification is conducted in the form of passing the state examination in the specialty as a whole or for individual basic and / or majors and protection of the degree project (work), master's or doctoral thesis.

86. Evaluation at the final assessment of students exposed to the light of the views of all members of the Certification Commission and demonstrated knowledge of the score-rating letter system.

87. Based on the Protection of degree work (project), master's or doctoralthesis exhibition taking into account comments of the supervisor, the reviewer's assessment(opponent) and the outcome of the defense.For each form of the final certification of exhibiting self-evaluation by score-rating letter system.

88. According to the results of the final evaluation of students awarded an academic bachelor's degree, academic title of Master, PhD degree and a diploma.

89. The level of student academic performance for the year is defined as the average score (GPA), calculated as the ratio of loans and worksfinal assessment on discipline (in numerical terms) to total loans in the current period of study.

90. After the summer exam session, the deans carry out ranking of students and study groups on GPA level, and the data on the results of GPA level ranking is given to the office of the registrar.

91. The Office of the Registrar, summarizes the academic ranking data, the results of external evaluation of educational achievements, provided by faculties and carries out the ranking of faculties, determines the best students and the best academic groups at the university, and places this information on the university website.

**Research and international activities of the university**

92. Research activities are aimed at promotion of integration of science and education, and on this basis to facilitate development of scientific and educational process, competitive research and innovation as an essential element of effective and efficient national innovation system.

Organization and conducting of fundamental research, applied research, experimental construction works and innovation (hereinafter - scientific research work) are carried out in the structural units of the university.Teaching staff carries out research as a mandatory component of their activities, the main working time according to the individual work plans.

93. The research work of the university include:

1) carrying out fundamental research, applied research, development works and innovation;

2) generation of new knowledge through research and creative activity of academic staff and students;

3) research and development of theoretical and methodological foundations for the development of higher education;

4) the development and implementation of innovative learning technologies in educational process

high school;

5) implementation of research results in the educational process and manufacture;

6) formation and development of its own scientific schools, involvement in R & D

academic staff and students;

7) the commercialization of scientific research and the transfer of high technology and competitive engineering and technology;

8) protection of intellectual property and copyright research and development;

9) expansion of the financial basis of research and development through the use of

raised funds and innovation;

10) organization and management of research students.

94. The scientific activity of the university is an indispensable part of the process of training. The unity of teaching and research and innovation processes is provided by:

attracting students to participate in scientific research and design work carried out at the expense of the republican budget, other budgets and extra-budgetary sources of funding;

conducting diploma and course design works and active learning, educational and industrial practices, and other forms of targeted training on the basis of the scientific and production units;

computerization of educational and scientific processes, formation of unified information environment, and mastering modern methods and means of informatics by the students.

95. Vice-Rector for scientific activities is responsible for the coordination of the research activities.

These units develop prospective and current plans for research, reporting forms, keep the university research register, summarize the research activities, and make conclusions on them.

96. Interim and final reports on the results of the scientific research determined by the planned schedule are according made. The responsibility for the accuracy of the information contained in the report are the department heads and research workers.

97. International university activities are carried out within the programs of cooperation with leading foreign universities, implementation of international educational programs and projects, the implementation of joint research activities, the organization of scientific workshops and conferences, exchange of teaching staff and the development of student mobility.

**Information and logistical support of the university**

98. Provision of information resources of the university is a prerequisite for the implementation of educational activities.

99. The information resources of the university constitute formalized ideas and knowledge, a variety of data, methods and means of collection, storage and exchange between sources and users of information. Information resources include full-text, factual and bibliographic database of educational purposes (administrative, educational, scientific, educational) in any media, reference and retrieval systems, including traditional and electronic library catalogs and card files, the electronic resources of the local access software to ensure the creation, storage and use of educational information, distribution channels, communication tools used for educational purposes.

100. The library fund is part of the information resources, and includes educational, methodical and scientific literature, as well as legislative and regulatory acts.

The implementation of educational programs of higher and postgraduate education students are provided with free access to library collections, computer science, teaching and scientific literature, educational, scientific, information databases, including international sources, placed in digital libraries.

Foundation of educational and scientific literature regarding the full number of students and the cycle of training must be not less than 140 units of publications. And literature in the Kazakh and Russian languages ​​should be proportional regarding the enrolled student community in language training. The library collection should include basic textbooks on the subjects of social and humanities, published in the last 5 years; on natural, technical, agricultural disciplines - over the last 10 years. Availability of educational literature on digital media must not be less than 40% of basic and majors curriculum specialty (except military specialties).

101. Educational literature include teaching aids, manuals, didactic, visual aids, guidelines or recommendations for the study of the discipline, guidelines for laboratory works, and other written works, handbooks and publications in various academic disciplines.

102. Library Science Foundation of University includes a list of monographic books, scientific and industrial nature, covering the area of ​​research, the relevant fields and professions training.

Library Science Foundation of University also includes encyclopedias, dictionaries, reference books, commentaries, literary works are studied under the program, the laws, regulations, periodicals, including the messengers of the organization of education, collections of scientific papers, international conferences, training corresponding to the profile.

103. University publication includes textbooks, teaching manuals, and methodical materials.

University publications of methodological literature include methodical guidelines, instructions and manuals on the study and mastery of academic disciplines, and the implementation of certain types of educational work.

104. The process of collecting, acquisition, storage, write-offs of educational and scientific institution's information assets are carried out in accordance with the teaching materials for the libraries of educational institutions.

105. The university creates a high-tech information and educational environment, which includes an online resource web portal, automated system providing the loan program, the collection of information and educational resources located in local networks of the university, and an extensive computer network, allowing access through any computer to all information resources with broadband and high-speed Internet access, with the exception of educational institutions of law enforcement agencies, government agencies and the special state body in the field of defense.

106. Information and methodological support is carried out with gradual intensification of greater emphasis on independent work of students.

107. A prerequisite to the activities of the university is the availability of appropriate classroom and laboratory facilities, classrooms, sports halls, workshops andother facilities, ensuring its activities and belonging to it by right of ownership, economic management or operational management.

108. The university classroom has the funds necessary to carry out training sessions on forms of education no more than two shifts, and support facilities.

109. For the implementation of educational programs the university has a special purpose classrooms (computer classrooms, language labs, and others.), As well as modern teaching and laboratory equipment (including installation, mechanisms, stands, measuring instruments, models and models of products used in training and research purposes, experimental designs, materials, computer and other computing equipment), provide various types of jobs, software, ensure high quality implementation of educational and scientific process in accordance with the working curricula and programs, plans teaching and research work and other documentation.

110. The training area of ​​buildings, classroom fund educational and research laboratories, classrooms, gyms, libraries, shops and other facilities of the university must comply with the requirements of the sanitary standards and regulations.

111. The rate of educational space per student is determined depending on the type of institution, and at least 6 m2.

112. The area of ​​the premises depend on the purpose of premises in accordance with the types of training sessions, number of students and staff, shift training.

Estimated number of students enrolled is the greater number of full-time students and 10% of the number of students of correspondence courses.

113. The total area of ​​sports halls (excluding ancillary facilities at them, as well as swimming and athletics arena) regarding per student should be at least 1.0 m2.

114. The institution has the financial resources to provide conditions for education determined by on the basis of the contingent of students and tuition fees, but not less than the amount determined by the state educational order.

115. The sources of funding are the budget funds received from the educational and scientific grants, funds from educational services for a fee, from the selling of scientific and publishing products, sponsorship and other sources received from other activities not prohibitedby the legislation of theRepublic of Kazakhstan.

116. The expenses of high schools on educational activities are determined depending on content of students and the areas of training, forms of education (full-time, part-time), money and natural norms governing expenditures on education in the relevant regulations.